

Título: POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES

Área Curricular: Lengua Extranjera -Inglés

Ciclo: Segundo ciclo de Educación Primaria.

CONTENIDO: ADJETIVOS POSESIVOS.

BREVE DESCRIPCIÓN: Usamos los adjetivos posesivos para indicar que algo nos pertenece o le pertenece a alguien o está en relación con uno.

CONSIGNAS:



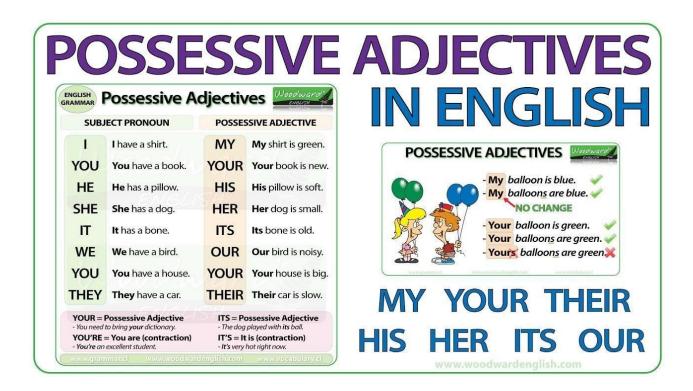
1) Leer sobre los usos de los adjetivos posesivos



2) Completar utilizando los adjetivos posesivos



3) Reflexionar sobre los usos de adj. posesivos y practicar sobre ellos





Possessive adjectives

Complete the sentences with possessive adjectives: my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their



Mrs. Anderson is worriedson is sick.



They always wash...... car on Saturday.



Antony collects stamps.collection is quite impressive.



I hate shopping withwife.



Fred is watching favorite TV program.



The children like to readstorybook in the evening.



Infree time, I go scuba diving.



We have a new house. What I like best is garden.



We always dohomework on the computer.



When I have a question teacher always explains the subject again.



- What are you and brother doing? - We are working in office.



They like having a picnic with friends.



Granny bakes a lot.cookies are famous.



Nestor and friend play chess every day.



...... parents teach us how to ride a bike.



- Where areparents from? -parents are from Germany.

iSLCollective.com

Subject Possessive This is my Bill is enjoying Its mouth is Adjectives Pronouns picture. his ice cream My You Your His He She Her Ιt Its > We use possessive adjectives to tell to whom something We Our belongs. When something belongs to a man/boy we use his. Their They → Pete finished his homework. These are your Use her when something belongs to woman/girl. shoes. → Mary is talking to her mother. Use its when something belongs to singular things/animals. The cat scratched the child with its claws. > Your is used when things belong to the addressed person/s. → Bob! Where are you? I hear your voice but can't see you. > Use our when something belongs to the speakers. They are listening → Our house is very big. to their teacher > Their is used when something belongs to a group of people, animals or things. > The children went to their school. > Possessive adjectives are always followed by nouns. → My shoes are new. C. Look at the picture and fill the blanks with his or her. _____ balloon is green. balloon is blue. hair is brown. hair is blond. __ clothes are clothes are pink. brown. hat is red. 4. ____ hat is blue and purple. shoes are blue _ shoes are grey. and white.